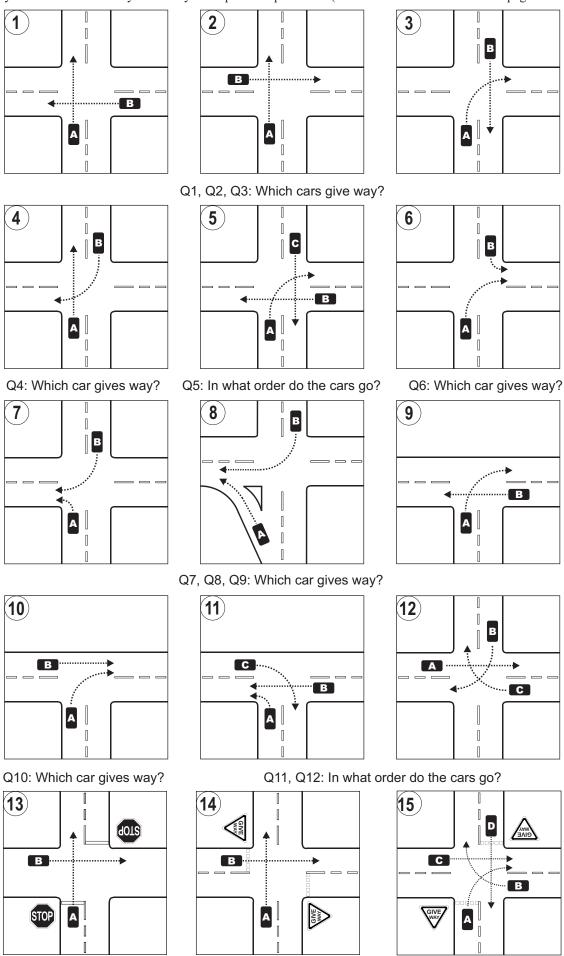
Practice Questions - GIVE WAY RULES

Do you know the Give Way rules? Try these practice questions. (See NT Road User's Handbook pages 78-89).

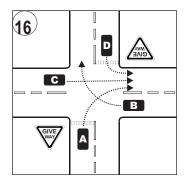


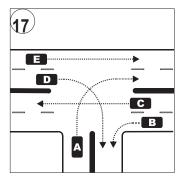
Q13, Q14: Which car gives way? Q15: In what order do the cars go?

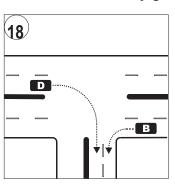
Produced by John Ziersch, Zipper's Driving School www.drivingnt.com

Practice Questions - GIVE WAY RULES

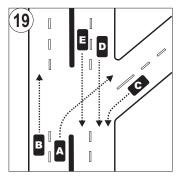
How well do you know the Give Way rules? Try these practice questions. (See NT Road User's Handbook pages 78-89).

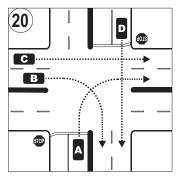


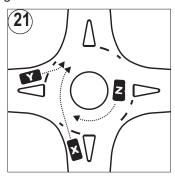




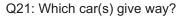
Q16, Q17, Q18: In what order do the cars go?

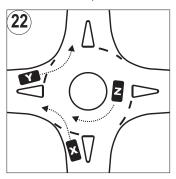


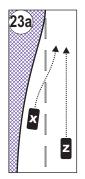


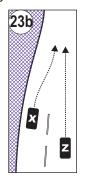


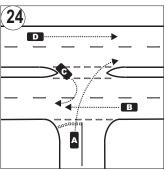
Q19, Q20: In what order do the cars go?











Q22, Q23a, Q23b, Q24: Which car(s) give way?

- Q24. A and C give way (A in terminating road, C doing U-turn)
- Q23b. Z gives way (both lanes end at same point, cars give way to cars in front)
 - Q23a. X gives way (lane ends, X must cross broken line)
 - Q22. X gives way to Z (Y gives way to X if X is not signalling!)
 - Q21. Y gives way to X, X gives way to Z
 - Q20. B & C together, then D, then A
- Q19. B & E & D together, then A & C together (this is a T-intersection, it is NOT a Y-intersection as one road comes to an end)
 - Q18. D & B together, providing they each turn into their first lane!. Otherwise D gives way to B.
 - traffic gives way to D) Q17. E & C & B together, then D, then A
- Q16. C, B, D, A (B turning across oncoming traffic gives way to C. A&D face Give Way signs & go next, A turning across oncoming
 - Q15. C, B, D, A (A& D facing Give Way signs & lines, A& B turning across oncoming traffic).
 - Q14. B gives way (facing Give Way sign & line)
 - Q13. A gives way (facing Stop sign & line)
 - Q12. A, B, C ("give way to road on the right" rule)
 - Q11. B, C, A (C turning across oncoming traffic. A is on terminating road, goes last).
 - O10. A gives way (is on a terminating road)
 - Q9. A gives way (is on a terminating road)
 - Q8. A gives way (is in a slip lane)
 - $\Delta \gamma.$ B gives way (turning across oncoming traffic)
 - $\Delta 6.$ A gives way (turning across oncoming traffic)
 - Q5. C, B, A ("give way to road on the right" rule)
 - ${\rm Q4}.\,$ B gives way (turning across oncoming traffic)
 - Q3. A gives way (turning across oncoming traffic)
 - Q2. B gives way (A is on the road on the right)
 - $\Omega1$. A gives way (B is on the road on the right)

NUMBERS you need to KNOW

NO STOPPING or PARKING - MINIMUM DISTANCES

1 m from a Fire Hydrant

10 m from an Intersection, Bridge or Culvert

10 m after a Bus Stop or Crossing

20 m from an intersection with Traffic Lights

20 m before a Bus Stop or a Crossing

OTHER DISTANCES

200 m DIP your headlights (use low beam) when this far from another vehicle.

200 m minimum distance between two long vehicles on the highway (e.g. between a truck, and a car towing a caravan).

SAFE FOLLOWING DISTANCES between vehicles

2 seconds GOOD conditions
4 seconds POOR conditions

(e.g.: raining, fog, slippery road surface, poor visibility or at night, carrying a heavy load or towing, if the car behind is following too closely, or you are

following behind a large vehicle obstructing your view.)

PARKING and STOPPING



NO PARKING

Don't stop UNLESS:

- picking up / dropping off passengers or goods,
- for no more than 2 minutes.
- driver stays with the vehicle (within 3 metres).







Anything That ISN'T "No Parking" (see left) is

NO STOPPING

e.g.

NO STOPPING or NO STANDING CLEARWAY DISABLED PARKING BAYS YELLOW EDGE LINES on a ROAD LOADING ZONES BUS ZONES TAXI ZONES

Here's an easy way to remember what the signs mean ...

- 1. Memorise the "No Parking" rules (see LEFT panel).
- 2. If the sign is NOT a "No Parking" sign, it means NO STOPPING (see RIGHT panel). Note: "NO STANDING" & "NO STOPPING" are the same.